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EDUC 535.09/.17/.23: Science Specialization II - Combined Summer, 2023

SectionInstructorClass TimesLocationEmailS01Dr. Jeff TurnerMon - Fri, 1:00 - 3:50EDC 170Dturnej@ucalgary.ca

Start date: Monday, July 10, 2023 Last Day of Classes: Friday, July 21, 2023

Last Day to Add/Drop/Swap: Due to the non-standard dates associated with this program, please check your Student Centre for the important dates pertaining to your section.

Pre-requisite: Due to the multiple pathways in the Bachelor of Education, please consult Undergraduate Programs in Education for questions related to pre-requisite courses.

Office Hours: Available after class or by appointment. Please add course number to the subject line of your email.

Email: Students are required to use a University of Calgary (@ucalgary.ca) email address for all correspondence.

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The intent of the Specialization Seminar II is to deepen your understanding of the practical aspects of teaching within the specialization and to connect this practice with specific theoretical concepts. While this second specialization course focuses more on practical knowledge, you will also refine your knowledge of discourse and theory within the discipline and develop a deeper understanding of ways to enact this theory in a classroom context. You will additionally become familiar with any relevant Ministry documents associated with the Alberta Curriculum and draw on practical classroom observation from the field experience to participate in meaningful discussion and to connect these observations with a vision for your own teaching. The emphasis of the course is on designing for student learning (subject-specific; assessment to strengthen student learning and improve instruction; and designing for inclusion, differentiation, and inquiry).

LEARNER OUTCOMES:

Over the course of the semester, students will:

- 1) Further develop a deeper conceptual understanding of the historical, socio-cultural, political contexts of the *discipline of Science Education*, and relate this to curriculum planning in the specialization area,
- 2) Identify and critique the *key learning perspectives* (as outlined in the front matter of the Programs of Study) and *intentions* (learning objectives) across the units in a grade from the Alberta Programs of Study,
- 3) Successfully apply theoretical knowledge to the design of a longer-term unit and assessment plan.

COURSE DESIGN AND DELIVERY:

This course will be delivered face-to-face on campus with some engagement in a D2L environment. This course is delivered through a problem-based and inquiry-focused approach. Student participation is crucial to the knowledge building in this course. While there are readings, they do not "contain" the knowledge of this course. Your learning will be primarily through applying concepts from the readings while you experience, design, and critique science learning activities. Students are expected to participate in whole-class and small-group discussions conversation and Desire2Learn (D2L) discussion forums that will include postings and responses in small-groups. Assessment is based on rubrics for the three Learning Tasks. For most class activities, you will need a device with reliable internet connectivity to access D2L, the library website, YouTube, etc.



LEARNING TASKS OVERVIEW:

The full assignment descriptions and assessment details will be discussed in class and posted to D2L. The descriptions in this syllabus should be treated as summaries or overviews, not the full and complete assignment requirements.

Learning Task	Description of Learning Task	Weight	Group/ Individual	Due Date
LT1	An Inquiry into Teaching Science: Knowledge Building in a Community of Inquiry	30%	Group	Friday, July 14, 1:00 pm
LT2	Creation of a Unit and Assessment Plan	40%	Individual	Friday, July 21, 1:00 pm
LT3	Evolving Conceptual Understanding of Science Teaching	30%	Individual	Monday, July 24

LEARNING TASKS OVERVIEW

Note: A and A+ are both worth 4.0. A+ is given at the instructor's professional discretion based on work of rare and exemplary quality.

DAILY COURSE SCHEDULE:

Date	Торіс	Readings and Tasks
Day 1	 Essential Question (EQ): What are the goals of EDUC 535? EDUC 535 Course Outline review – LT1, LT2, and LT3 	 Review Front Matter of the Science Programs of Study (PoS) that supports your grade of interest either gd. 1-6: p.A1 - A4, gd. 7 - 8: p.1 - 10 or any of the gd. 10 - 12 courses: p. 1 - 12. Alberta Education, (nd). Programs of Study. <u>https://www.alberta.ca/programs-of-study.aspx</u>
	What is science all about? What is your philosophy of science?	
	 What is an inquiry practice as an organizing principal? LT1: Partner Selection & Topic selection (D2L) 	
	What does Alberta Education deem as curriculum?	



Day 2	E.O. How do teachers manage	Readings for LT3 (assigned on day1).	
Duy 2	hoth the newsical and	Rennie I (2005) Science awareness and scientific literacy. The	
	both the physical and	Kennie, L. (2003). Science awareness and scientific includy. The	
	instructional format of an	Journal of the Australian Science Teacher's Association. 51(1),	
	inquiry-based classroom?	10-14.	
		http://ezproxy.lib.ucalgary.ca/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.c	
	Intro to LT1, workshop	om/login.aspx?direct=true&db=ehh&AN=18133950&site=ehost	
	format, & 5Es.	-live	
	,		
	Intro to LT3	Grueber, D., & Whitin, P. (2012), Valuing little steps toward	
		inquiry. Science and Children, 50(3), 41-45.	
	In class time to work on I T1.	http://ezproxy lib ucalgary ca/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.c	
	metass time to work on LTT.	om/login asny?direct=true & db=abb & A N=82660017 & site=abost	
	renne your question.		
		nve	
		Zangori, L., Forbes, C., & Biggers, M. (2012). This is inquiry	
		Right?. Science and Children, 50(1), 48-53.	
		http://ezproxy.lib.ucalgary.ca/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.c	
		om/login.aspx?direct=true&db=ehh&AN=79310878&site=ehost-	
		live	
		Reference for LT1:	
		Rybee et al. (2006) The BSCS 5E Instructional Model: Origins	
		Effectiveness and Applications PSCS 1	
		Effectiveness, and Applications. DSCS, 1–.	
		<u>https://media.bscs.org/bscsmw/bes/bscs_be_executive_summary.</u>	
Day 3	EQ: How to manage both the	Readings for LT3 (assigned on day 2):	
	physical and instructional	Shaha, A., (2013). Are school science practicals a complete	
	format of an inquiry-based	waste of time? The Guardian,	
	classroom?	http://www.theguardian.com/science/blog/2013/jun/07/school-	
		science-practicals-waste-time (including video)	
	Intro to LT2: whole/part/whole		
	approach	Shaha, A. (2011). Are science teachers using experiments as	
	-FF	nrons in lessons? The Guardian	
	In class time to work on I T1	http://www.theguardian.com/science/blog/2011/jun/21/science-	
	In class time to work on L11	teaching experiments in lessons	
		teaching-experiments-in-ressons	
		Abushama I. & Millan D. (2008). Dear unactical marth mailer	
		Autanamis, I., α withar, K. (2008). Does practical work really	
		work? A study of the effectiveness of practical work as a	
		teaching and learning method in school science. International	
		Journal of Science Education, 30(14), 1945-1969.	
		http://dx.doi.org.ezproxy.lib.ucalgary.ca/10.1080/09500690701	
		<u>749305</u>	
		Millar, R. (2009). Analysing practical activities to assess and	
		improve effectiveness: The Practical Activity Analysis	
		Inventory (DAAI) Vorte Contro for Innovation and Descending	
		Inventory (FAAI). Fork. Centre for Innovation and Research In Science Education. University of Verla	
		Science Education, University of Y ork. $1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 $	
		https://www.rsc.org/cpd/teachers/content/filerepository/frg/pdf/	
		<u>ResearchbyMillar.pdf</u>	



Day 4	EQ: What does it mean to be a	Resources for LT2:
-	"designer" of learning?	Alberta Education (n.d.). Programs of Study.
		https://www.alberta.ca/programs-of-study.aspx
	LT2	
	• Stage 1. Identify Desired	Wiggins, G. & McTighe, J. (2005). Understanding by design
	Results:	(2nd Edition). Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision &
	 Sci. Inquiry & Prob. 	Curriculum Development. <u>https://ebookcentral-proquest-</u>
	Solving through	<u>com.ezproxy.lib.ucalgary.ca/lib/ucalgary-</u>
	Technology or	ebooks/reader.action?docID=3002118 * see Ch. 3, 4, 5, & 6
	• STS/NoS, Knowledge,	
	Skills, and Attitudes	Harlen, W. (2015). Working with Big Ideas of Science
	(KSAs).	Education. Hatfield, UK: Association for Science Education.
	Design thinking & Big Ideas	Chapter 3-4 (pp 11-33)
		https://www.interacademies.org/sites/default/files/publication/w
	In class time to work on LT1	orking_with_big_ideas_of_science_education
		<u>_online_july_final.pdf</u>
Day 5	EO: What does it mean to be a	LT#1 Due: Friday, 1:00 pm
J -	"designer" of learning?	
		Resources LT2:
	LT2: Stage 1. Identify Desired	Grady, J. (2010). The inquiry matrix; A tool for assessing and
	Results	planning inquiry in biology and beyond. Science Teacher,
		(November), 32–37. <u>https://bit.ly/2zwdDiK</u>
	LT#1: Workshops: schedule	
	posted in D2L	Parmar, B. (2017, April 24). The one crucial skill our education
		system is missing. Retrieved from
	In class time to work on LT2,	https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2017/04/one-crucial-skill/
	Stage 1	



Day 6	EQ: What will you accept	Resources for LT2:
2	as evidence that student	Alberta Assessment Consortium: https://aac.ab.ca/
		I
	understanding took place?	Username: teachers
		Password: master
	LT2: Stage 2. Determine	
	what constitutes accentable	Understanding by design: *see Ch 7 & 8
		Ondersignating by design. See Ch. 7 & 6
	evidence of competency in	
	the outcomes and results	Galileo Educational Network. (nd). <i>Guide to Assessing Critical</i>
	(assessment)	Thinking http://www.galileo.org/tins/rubrics/ct_rubric.pdf
	(ubbebbillent).	Thinking. <u>http://www.gameo.org/ups/tuories/et_tuorie.pur</u>
	LT#1: Workshops	Galileo Educational Network. (nd). Designing rubrics. <i>Focus on</i>
		Inquiry https://inquiry.galileo.org/ch3/designing-rubrics/
	In class time to work on LT2	
	Sterre 2	
	Stage 2	Black, P. (2003). The importance of everyday assessment. In J.
		M. Atkin & J. E. Coffey (2003). Everyday Assessment in the
		Science Classroom, https://ebookcentral-proquest-
		som oznrovy lib voolgomy og/ib/voolgomy
		<u>connezproxy.no.ucargary.ca/no/ucargary-</u>
		ebooks/detail.action?docID=355237
		Trauth-Nare A & Buck G (2011) Assessment for learning
		The Science Teacher 79(1) 24 20 https://bit.ly/27ultel
		The science reacher, $78(1)$, $34-39$. <u>https://oit.iy/22.ukioi</u>
		UMass Boston. (2017, February 17). Formative assessment
		practices of science teachers [video]
		https://www.voutube.com/wetch?v=02Ucc60rCV0
Day 7	EQ: How do you shift the	Resources for LT2:
	responsibility of learning from	Understanding by design: *see Ch. 9 & 10
	the teacher to the students?	Alberta Education (2019) Health and safety in the science
		classicom. Vindencanten to chade 12
	Stage 3. Planning the appropriate	classroom. Kindergarien lo grade 12.
	learning activities	https://education.alberta.ca/media/3795623/health-and-safety-in-
	learning activities.	the-science-classroom.pdf
	X 77 // 4 XXX 1 1	
	L1#1: Workshops	Dubas at al. (2006) The DSCS 5E Instructional Model
		Bybee, et al., (2000). The BSCS JE Instructional Model.
	In class time to work on LT2.	Origins, Effectiveness, and Applications. BSCS, 1–21.
	Stage 3	https://media.bscs.org/bscsmw/5es/bscs_5e_full_report.pdf
	Stage 5	
Derr 9	EQ: What door it mean to	Descriptions for LT2.
Day 8	EQ: what does it mean to	
	be a teacher of diversity?	Alberta Education. (2010). Making a difference: Meeting
		diverse learning needs with differentiated instruction: Chapter
	Stage 4: Learner differentiation	13 (Science)
		http://education.alberta.co/media/123/10/5/makingadifference
		2010 - 4
	L1#1: Workshops	<u>2010.pai</u>
	In class time to work on LT2.	Alberta Education. (nd). Benchmarks, strategies, and resources
	In class time to work on LT2, Stage 4	Alberta Education. (nd). Benchmarks, strategies, and resources for teachers of English language learners
	In class time to work on LT2, Stage 4	Alberta Education. (nd). Benchmarks, strategies, and resources for teachers of English language learners.
	In class time to work on LT2, Stage 4	Alberta Education. (nd). Benchmarks, strategies, and resources for teachers of English language learners. <u>http://www.learnalberta.ca/content/eslapb/</u>
	In class time to work on LT2, Stage 4	Alberta Education. (nd). Benchmarks, strategies, and resources for teachers of English language learners. <u>http://www.learnalberta.ca/content/eslapb/</u>



Day 9	EQ: What does it mean to be a	
	teacher of diversity?	Reading:
		Alberta Teachers' Association. (2020). Foundational knowledge
	Stage 4: Learner differentiation	for indigenous education. <u>https://teachers-</u>
		ab.libguides.com/c.php?g=710500&p=5068847
	LT#1: Workshops	
	_	Kimmerer, R. (2013). Braiding sweetgrass: Indigenous wisdom,
	In class time to work on LT2,	scientific knowledge and the teaching of plants. (pp. 216-240)
	Stage 4	Milkweed Editions. https://ebookcentral-proquest-
	-	com.ezproxy.lib.ucalgary.ca/lib/ucalgary-
		ebooks/detail.action?docID=1212658#
Day 10	EQ: What does it means to be	LT#2: Due: Friday, July22, 1:00 pm (for peer review).
	a reflective practitioner?	Final draft Monday, July 25
	-	
	Peer review of LT2	LT#3: Due Monday, July 25

CHANGES TO SCHEDULE:

Please note that changes to the schedule may occur to meet the emerging needs and dynamics of the participants in the course.

LEARNING TASKS AND ASSESSMENT

There are 3 required Learning Tasks for this course. Completion of all tasks is required to pass this course.

LT1: An Inquiry into Teaching Science: Knowledge Building in a Community of Inquiry

(Group submission)

Due Date: Friday, July 14 @ 1:00 pm **Percentage of the Final Grade:** 30% **Length:** 45 minutes (30 min interactive workshop and 15 min. Q & A)

Context: There is a strong movement to improve education in Alberta with an emphasis on Mastery Learning as an instructional strategy that results in a comprehensive grasp of curriculum as demonstrated through competency or performance-based evaluations. With an all-encompassing understanding of the curricular intent (the Front Matter) teachers are being challenged to develop rigorous and relevant curriculum. As teachers of science, our focus is on emphasizing students' active engagement in genuine inquiry and problem-solving, an approach to make science learning appealing to all students. Of central importance are science teachers' pedagogical practices with a focus on the integration of students' learning of core disciplinary concepts with active engagement in "doing science". As a new teacher there will be challenges acquiring this pedagogical knowledge and skill to meet these expectations. This assignment is meant to introduce the opportunities and challenges that science teachers face in translating curriculum documents, including the philosophy and rationale of the programs of study, into engaging instruction that leads to student understanding and development of related knowledge, skills, and attributes.

Expectations: For this assignment, students (in groups of 2-3) will develop an investigable question on the topic of teaching science nested within the above context. The question should emerge from Specialization I class discussion and readings along with your practicum experience. This work can also be connected to Alberta Education's (nd) *Teacher Quality Standard*. You should consider many sources of evidence for answering your



question: journal articles, teacher blogs, teacher resource books, and even conversations with experienced teachers.

During the course, you will present your work as a 30 min. (max) Professional Development workshop for teachers. Your presentation should focus on how these "understandings" will influence our pedagogical practices. The presentation along with references (APA 7: see *Purdue online writing lab: APA guide*) must be submitted to both D2L-Discussion and D2L-Dropbox. You are also required to create a digital folder in D2L-Discussion that could include text, visuals, media, and other supporting links for this inquiry.

Required elements of this project should include:

- An explanation of your inquiry question including: a clear statement of the question, your reasons for asking this question, and a summary of your conclusion or findings as well as new or further questions raised.
- A digital collection illustrating the evidence for your findings. You can create these and/or share existing links or examples (where copyright permits). The connection to your inquiry question should be made clear.
- A summary of your inquiry.
- List of resources used in the project completion (This must be presented in APA 7 format).
- Asynchronous learning session
 - the significance of the inquiry,
 - how the inquiry fits in the ongoing pedagogical knowledge building focused on the teaching of science,
 - o how these ideas generated from the inquiry may be achieve within the classroom, and
 - what implications does this inquiry have for each of you in shaping your own teacher identity and practice?



CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING TASK 1

Criteria	A to A+	A- to B+	B to B-
	Meets all and exceeds some	Meets all requirements	Meets most requirements.
	requirements		
	Quality & Meaning	fulness of Research Question	
Rationale: What and Why do you want to know "this" with respect to informing pedagogical practice?	The research question is clearly stated, specific and addresses a significant need or problem that teachers encounter in the classroom. The rationale for choosing the question is supported with personal interests in professional growth in this area. Considers and/or challenges common assumptions in this area.	The research question is appropriate and clearly stated but is either too general or too narrow, leading to a multitude of sub- question or ruling out new possibilities. The supporting rationale is generally well-written but not relevant to personal interest stemming from classroom experience or identification of professional growth areas.	The research question is roughly sketched and in need of refinement. The supporting rationale is weakly developed and/or does not address personal interest or identification of professional growth areas.
How will it make a difference to your teaching of the discipline?	The question has the potential to hold professional interest over time. Direct links are made to how new knowledge in this area will support teaching in the service of learning.	The question has the potential to hold professional interest beyond this assignment. Weak links are made to how new knowledge in this area will support teaching in the service of learning.	The question has limited importance for on-going investigation. Few or no links are made to how this question will support teaching in the service of learning.
	Critiqu	e & Critical Analysis	
What are the connections between theory and practice?	Well-developed depth of understanding of the topic shown through credible and respected referenced connections between theory and practice. Cites all academic content obtained from other sources. APA 7 citation style is accurate.	Sufficient depth of understanding of the topic shown through limited referenced connections between theory and practice. Cites most content obtained from other sources. APA 7 citation style is accurate.	Little depth of understanding of the topic with minimum referenced connections between theory and practice. Citations do not employ APA 7 citation style.
Overall Presentation of Findings			
How effective is the creation and development of conceptual ideas in contributing to our pedagogical content knowledge?	Careful and critical development of the conceptual ideas through an inquiry approach so participants will be able to develop and apply pedagogical information, concepts, and skills to new teaching situations.	Some development of the conceptual ideas through an inquiry approach so participants will be able to develop minimal pedagogical understanding. with implications for practice in classrooms.	Little development of the conceptual ideas through an inquiry approach, with little or no connection to pedagogical development and with no implications for practice in classrooms



How effective is the presentation in allowing the viewer to follow your train of thought? Supplementary support provided through D2L.	Presentation design is creative, highly engaging, and effectively supports the research question. All elements of the presentation effectively enhance key ideas. Audience provided with important resources for later consideration.	Overall presentation design is appealing and supports the basic development of conceptual ideas. Elements of the presentation adequately enhance key ideas. Handouts and other resources provided may not directly relate to central topic.	Design of the presentation is adequate but somewhat limited in the development of conceptual ideas. Content arrangement is somewhat confusing and does not adequately assist the participant in understanding order without further narration and support.
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LT2: Designing a Unit and Assessment Plan (Individual submission)

Due Date: Friday, July 21, 1:00 pm (for peer editing), Final submission, Monday, July 24 **Percentage of the Final Grade:** 40%

Intent of LT2: The intent of LT2 is to design a unit and assessment plan. We will be using a <u>Whole-Part-Whole</u> <u>learning model</u> over the 2 weeks of the course to develop the unit plan.

Expectations of LT3:

- The unit plan will be comprised of one unit covering:
 - 4 weeks with 80-minute classes for a Senior High class, or
 - 7 weeks with 45 60 minutes classes for a Middle/Junior High class.
 - 7 weeks with 30 45 minutes classes for an Elementary class.
- The unit plan must follow a clear and comprehensive <u>design for learning focused</u> <u>template</u> (in D2l Content) that promotes deep understandings of a key concept or competency of the discipline.
- Use the following rubric to guide your unit design and assessment.



CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING TASK 2

Criteria	A to A+	B+ to A-	B- to B		
	Meets all and	Meets all	Meets most requirements		
	exceeds some requirements	requirements			
Stage 1 - Lesson Education Program	Rationale: To what extent does the d m of Studies?	esign focus on building understanding of	targeted content based on an Alberta		
	Has identified targeted	Has identified targeted understandings	Has identified targeted		
	understandings of curricular	of curricular outcomes that are based	understandings of curricular		
Outcomes	based on transferable big ideas at	on transferable big ideas of the discipline	incorporates them into inquiry-based		
outcomes	the heart of the discipline, and in		learning		
	need of uncovering.				
	The targeted understandings are framed by essential questions that	The targeted understandings are framed by some essential questions	The targeted understandings are framed by questions that could be		
Targeted	spark meaningful connections,	that adequately make connections for	incorporated into inquiry-based		
Understandings	provoke genuine inquiry and deep	inquiry- based learning, deep thought,	learning.		
	thought, and encourage transfer of learning.	and encourage transfer of learning.			
Missonsontions	Misconceptions are relevant and	Some misconceptions are identified	Some misconceptions are identified,		
Misconceptions	targeted.	and targeted.	but not targeted		
	Lists the outcomes students must	Outcomes are stated but all of the	Outcomes are stated but do not link		
Ab Ed PoS	understandings to develop.	needed knowledge, skills, and	to the targeted understandings.		
Outcomes	Outcomes clearly reflect the PoS,	attitudes for the targeted			
General (unit)	including STS, knowledge,	understandings have not been			
Specific (lesson)	linked to the targeted	included.			
	understandings.				
Stage 2 - Assessn	Stage 2 - Assessment Evidence: To what extent do the assessments provide fair, valid, reliable, and sufficient measures of the desired				
results	Balanced assessment is integral to	Balanced assessment is used on a	Assessment is primarily summative		
	the learning and woven into the	regular basis and is part of the	with limited or irregular use of		
Balanced	day-to-day fabric of teaching and	teaching and learning. Some criterion-	formative assessment to improve		
Assessment	learning. Appropriate criterion-	based scoring tools are used to evaluate student products and	teaching and learning.		
	evaluate student products and	performances.			
	performances.		Timited metals between an and		
Learning	learning outcomes from Stage 1.	learning outcomes from Stage 1.	and Stage 1,		
Outcomes	(Ab Ed Achievement Indicators)	5			
Assessment	Students are asked to exhibit their	Students have limited opportunities to	Limited number of assessment data		
Authentic	performance tasks to provide	authentic performance tasks to provide	picture of student learning.		
Performance	additional evidence of learning.	general evidence of learning.	r8.		
Tasks	(GRASP)	A	A		
are Established	collaboratively designed with	the teacher and fully explained to	the work has been graded.		
	students and mediated by or	students before the work begins.	e e		
	added to by the teacher to reflect				
	high quality work.				
Self and Peer	Students are encouraged to self-	Students have limited opportunities to	No evidence of self or peer		
Assessment	assess and peer-assess	self- assess and peer-assess	assessment.		



Stage 3: To what	Stage 3: To what extent is the learning plan effective and engaging				
Design Is Informed by Pedagogical Content Knowledge (e.g. 5Es)	Designs learning experiences that engage the students in doing work that require distinct ways of thinking about and acting in the world that the discipline embodies, making meaningful connections and building deep understandings.	Designs learning experiences that are organized around disciplinary ideas and core concepts and requires that students make connections between exiting and new ideas to build understanding.	Selects activities that emphasize subject matter acquisition which deal with acquiring information, facts, and formulas.		
Authentic Performance Task	The work students undertake requires them to engage in productive collaboration with each other and with discipline and other experts around real problems, issues, questions, or ideas that are of actual concern and central to the discipline, to the students and to the broader community outside of school.	The work students undertake requires them to engage in productive collaboration with each other around matters that are central to the discipline and the broader community outside of school.	The work students undertake requires them to acquire and recall static, inert facts.		
Work Fosters Deep Understanding	 The work students undertake fosters strong habits of mind, innovation and creativity. Students are routinely asked to: Formulate plausible, coherent working theories, Formulate well- reasoned judgment and conclusions based on evidence with an examination of different viewpoints, Analyze assumptions, Discuss how things might be otherwise, i.e., supposition, Thoroughly examine implications, Consider ambiguities Work across a variety of contexts, and, Make connections between and among concepts 	 The work students undertake fosters disciplined habits of mind. Students are asked to: Formulate plausible solutions, Articulate assumption, Formulate reasoned judgment and conclusions based on evidence, and, Consider implication that reach beyond the immediate situation. 	The work students undertake builds habits of mind that emphasize groupthink by requiring a simplistic solution and/or absolute conclusion attributed to an external authority with no consideration of implications		



Stage 4: Learner Inclusion				
ESL Benchmarks (Level 3) reflected in the Performance	Appropriately selected ESL benchmark objectives for level 3 students with specific rationale for performance task.	Selected ESL benchmark objectives for level 3 students or rationale for performance task not clearly articulated.	Inappropriate or missing selected ESL benchmark objectives for level 3 students.	
Task				
Learner Inclusion	A variety of effective and inclusive learning strategies are incorporated into the design to address the learning interests and needs of all students. Inclusion of technology, Indigenous, multicultural, and inter- disciplinary activities are highly evident.	A limited variety of teaching methods are used to engage all students. Inclusion of technology, Indigenous, multicultural, and inter- disciplinary activities are restricted.	There is no evidence of a variety of teaching methods used to engage all students.	

LT3: Evolving Pedagogical Content Knowledge of Science Teaching (Individual submission)

Due Date: Monday, July 24 Percentage of the Final Grade: 30%

In this assignment, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your scholarly and professional thinking about your own philosophical beliefs about the **nature of science** and how your work as a **science** teacher is strengthened by these beliefs. The intent of this assignment is to articulate and display your insights into the teaching of science.

- for each of the following issues, write a "pedagogical" belief statement, framed within the *nature of science*, and
- how it would be translated into action in your classroom, the *pedagogical content knowledge* of science (evidence).

Each statement should be self-explanatory.

- 1. Purpose of Science Education
- 2. Teaching of Science
- 3. Learning of Science
- 4. Planning for Science Instruction
- 5. Assessment of Science Learning

You may choose a format that best allows you to respond to each issue and provide evidence of your thinking and understanding. Format of presentation may be a succinct individual written composition, an imagined Socratic dialogue, an illustrated story, an animation, or a podcast. A critical understanding of teacher practice related to each statement must be demonstrated within the submissions. I encourage you to draw on anecdotal notes from evidence of learning during course work. Length: max: 1200 words or 7 minutes.



CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING TASK 3

Criteria	A to A+	B+ to A-	B- to B	Does not meet
	Meets all and	Meets all	Meets most	requirements
	exceeds some requirements	requirements	requirements	
Articulates a clear, insightful, and coherent understanding of teaching science within each pedagogical issue	Clearly expresses specific insights and understandings that underpin the teaching of science.	Insights and understandings are clear and somewhat specific to the teaching of science.	Insights and understandings are generally clear but not directly connected to the teaching of science.	Insights and understandings are unclear.
Uses of specific, concrete examples to explain and illustrate insights (evidence)	Uses relevant examples to support each of the insights.	Uses relevant examples to support most of the insights.	Examples are given but do not support insights.	Examples are not given; insights rely on generalities.
Relevant evidence from LT1 and other sources to support insights	Insights are well developed, reflecting content from LT1, readings, conversations and experiences. Demonstrates skillful use of high quality, credible, relevant sources to develop ideas that are appropriate for the discipline. Cites all content obtained from other sources. APA 7 citation style is accurate.	Demonstrates consistent use of information from LT1 with credible, relevant sources to support ideas that are situated within the discipline. Cites most content obtained from other sources. APA 7 citation style is accurate.	Demonstrates an attempt to use information from LT1 with credible and/or relevant sources to support ideas that are appropriate for the discipline. Cites some content obtained from other sources. Citation style is either inconsistent or incorrect.	Does not use information from LT1 with credible and/or relevant sources to support ideas that are appropriate for the discipline. Does not cite sources.
Organization: structure for communicating insights	Submission is very well and clearly organized. Structure and transitions support effective communication of insights.	Submission is organized. Structure and transitions for the most part support communication of insights.	Submission has limited structure that interferes with clear communications of insights.	Submission lacks clear structure and significantly interferes with clear communications of insights.



THE EXPECTATION OF EXCELLENCE IN PROFESSIONAL WORK

Please review the Academic Calendar carefully. It describes the program and provides detailed schedules and important dates. It contains information on expectations for student work and professional conduct. In addition, procedures are described regarding concern about student performance in the program. Please pay especially careful attention to details and descriptions in the following topic areas:

• The Importance of Attendance and Participation in Every Class

As this is a professional program, experiences are designed with the expectation that all members will be fully involved in all classes and in all coursework experiences. As you are a member of a learning community your contribution is vital and highly valued, just as it will be when you take on the professional responsibilities of being a teacher. We expect that you will not be absent from class with the exception of documented instances of personal or family illness or for religious requirements.

• Engagement in Class Discussion and Inquiry

Another reason for the importance of attendance and participation in every class is that the course involves working with fellow students to share ideas and thinking. For example, each class you will work with a small group to engage fellow students in discussions on work being considered in class. You will also help other groups by providing ideas for scholarly inquiry in assignments. If you find that you are experiencing difficulties as a group collaborating, please inform the instructor.

EXPECTATIONS FOR WRITING

All written assignments (including, to a lesser extent, written exam responses) will be assessed at least partly on writing skills. Writing skills include not only surface correctness (grammar, punctuation, sentence structure, etc.) but also general clarity and organization. Sources used in research papers must be properly documented. If you need help with your writing, you may use the writing support services in the Learning Commons. For further information, please refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar, Academic Regulations, E. Course Information, E.2: Writing Across the Curriculum: <u>http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/e-2.html</u>

LATE SUBMISSIONS

All late submissions of assignments must be discussed with the instructor **prior to the due date.** Students may be required to provide written documentation of extenuating circumstances (e.g. statutory declaration, doctor's note, note from the University of Calgary Wellness Centre, obituary notice). A deferral of up to 30 days may be granted at the discretion of the Associate Dean of Undergraduate Programs with accompanying written evidence.

ISSUES WITH GROUP TASKS

With respect to group work, if your group is having difficulty collaborating effectively, please contact the instructor immediately. If a group is unable to collaborate effectively or discuss course materials online in a timely manner, the instructor may re-assign members to different groups or assign individual work for completion.



GRADING

Grade	GPA Value	%	Description per U of C Calendar
A+	4.0	95-100	Outstanding
А	4.0	90-94	Excellent – Superior performance showing comprehensive understanding of the subject matter
A-	3.7	85-89	
B+	3.3	80-84	
В	3.0	75-79	Good - clearly above average performance with knowledge of
			subject matter generally complete
B-	2.7	70-74	
C+	2.3	65-69	
С	2.0	60-64	Satisfactory - basic understanding of the subject matter
C-	1.7	55-59	
D+	1.3	52-54	Minimal pass - Marginal performance
D	1.0	50-51	
F	0.0	49 and lower	Fail - Unsatisfactory performance

Students in the B.Ed. program must have an overall GPA of 2.5 in the semester to continue in the program without repeating courses.

Academic Accommodation

Students seeking an accommodation based on disability or medical concerns should contact Student Accessibility Services; SAS will process the request and issue letters of accommodation to instructors. For additional information on support services and accommodations for students with disabilities, visit www.ucalgary.ca/access/. Students who require an accommodation in relation to their coursework based on a protected ground other than disability should communicate this need in writing to their Instructor. The full policy on Student Accommodations is available at

http://www.ucalgary.ca/policies/files/policies/student-accommodation-policy.pdf.

Academic Misconduct

For information on academic misconduct and its consequences, please see the University of Calgary Calendar at <u>http://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/k.html</u>

Attendance/ Prolonged Absence

Students may be asked to provide supporting documentation for an exemption/special request. This may include, but is not limited to, a prolonged absence from a course where participation is required, a missed course assessment, a deferred examination, or an appeal. Students are encouraged to submit documentation that will support their situation. Supporting documentation may be dependent on the reason noted in their personal statement/explanation provided to explain their situation. This could be medical certificate/documentation, references, police reports, invitation letter, third party letter of support or a statutory declaration etc. The decision to provide supporting documentation that best suits the situation is at the discretion of the student.

Falsification of any supporting documentation will be taken very seriously and may result in disciplinary action through the Academic Discipline regulations or the Student Non-Academic Misconduct policy.

https://www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/current/n-1.html



The Freedom of Information Protection of Privacy Act prevents instructors from placing assignments or examinations in a public place for pickup and prevents students from access to exams or assignments other than their own. Therefore, students and instructors may use one of the following options: return/collect assignments during class time or during instructors' office hours, students provide instructors with a self-addressed stamped envelope, or submit/return assignments as electronic files attached to private e-mail messages.

For additional resources including, but not limited to, those aimed at wellness and mental health, student success or to connect with the Student Ombuds Office, please visit https://www.ucalgary.ca/registration/course-outlines

Education Students Association (ESA) President for the academic year Claire Gillis, esa@ucalgary.ca.

Werklund SU Representative is Elsa Stokes, educrep@su.ucalgary.ca.